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32127	7590	09/27/2006		EXAMINER	
VERIZON			PHAN, HUY Q		
		NT GROUP E ROAD, SUITE 50	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ARLINGTO			2617	·	
				DATE MAILED: 09/27/2004	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)
		10/720,825	REDING ET AL.
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
		Huy Q. Phan	2617
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app r Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHO WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failur Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE is ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or reto reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 S</u> This action is FINAL. 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	s action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Dispositi	on of Claims		
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-7,9,10,12,13,16 and 17 is/are pend 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-7, 9, 10, 12, 13, 16, and 17 is/are reclaim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.	
Applicati	on Papers		
10) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the E drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority u	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12)[/ a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau see the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. Is have been received in Application Inity documents have been receive U (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Adaptor	(A)		
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	te

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. This Office Action is in response to Amendment filed on date: 09/07/2006.

Claims 1-7, 9, 10, 12, 13, 16, and 17 are still pending.

Claims 8, 11, 14, and 15 are canceled.

Response to Arguments

- 2. Applicant's arguments, see REMARKS, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- a) Applicant argued that "Karve does not disclose or suggest formatting the SMS message according to characteristics of the preferred device" (see REMARKS pages 8-9). The examiner respectfully disagrees. Based on the claim language in view of the instant specification (see para. [0094]), the examiner interprets the limitation "formatting the SMS message according to characteristics of the preferred device" to read on "The SMS center looks at the header information, adds some additional header information, and then tries to send the user data to the recipient or destination address. The format of short messages, sending and receiving of short messages, and the operations of SMS centers are well known to those of skill in the art" (see [0028]). Karve also discloses that SMS messages can be sent to/from a number of the different communication devices such as a mobile phone, a fax machine, a PC or an Internet address (see [0008]). Since these different communication devices have different SMS messages formats, the SMS center must uniquely format the message to suit each

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communication device's type before it sends to the specific communication device.

Therefore, Karve discloses the claimed limitation of formatting the SMS message according to characteristics of the preferred device.

- b) Applicant argued that "Karve does not disclose or suggest sending the formatted message to an e-mail address" (see REMARKS page 10). The examiner respectfully disagrees. Karve does disclose formatting the SMS message (see section above). Based on the claim language in view of the instant specification (see [0029] and [0059]), the examiner interprets the limitation "sending the formatted message to an e-mail address" to read on "messages can also be sent to/from a fax machine, a PC or an Internet address". Since Karve also discloses that SMS messages can be sent to a PC or an Internet address (see [0008]), therefore Karve discloses the claimed limitation of "sending the formatted message to an e-mail address".
- c) Applicant argued that "Karve does not disclose or suggest storing messages in a database when the preferred device is not available" (see REMARKS page 7). Karve discloses that SMS is a store and forward service (see [0007]) and more specifically that "the message is stored in the memory 24. When the user desires to read the message, the user issues the appropriate commands as understood by those of ordinary skill in the art, until the message is displayed on the screen" (see [0030]) The examiner interprets that the teaching of message can be stored for the later use or

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when the user is available. Therefore, Karve suggests the use of storing messages in a database when the preferred device is not available.

The examiner relies upon reference, as a whole, to anticipate the instant claims.

Reference's specific citations are to pinpoint pertinent passages to aid in the understandings of the reference as applied to the particular claimed elements.

With all the reasons stated above, the rejection is deemed proper and still stands.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- a) Claims 1-3, 6, 7, 9, 10, 12, 13, 16 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Karve (US-2002/0137530).

Regarding claim 1, Karve discloses a method for providing SMS messages (fig. 3 and its description) to a receiving party (owner of telephone 10, [0029]) associated, able to communicate, with a plurality of devices (interpreted as "forwarding a received short message from the telephone 10 to another device or telephone" see [0029]), the method comprising:

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receiving a SMS message for a first device ("telephone 10") of the plurality of devices ([0028]-[0029]);

identifying a second device of the plurality of devices as a preferred device ("a predefined number" [0032]-[0035]) for receiving the SMS message based on information stored by the receiving party ([0032]-[0035]);

formatting the SMS message according to characteristics of the preferred device [0028]; and

sending the formatted message to the preferred device ([0008]-[0010] and [0032]-[0035]).

Regarding claim 2, Karve discloses the method of claim 1, wherein sending the formatted message comprises sending the formatted message to a SMS-capable device ([0008] and [0028]).

Regarding claim 3, Karve discloses the method of claim 1, wherein sending the formatted message comprises sending the formatted message to an e-mail address ([0008] and [0028]).

Regarding claim 6, Karve discloses the method of claim 1, wherein sending the formatted message comprises sending the formatted message to digital companion client software (described as "the appropriate programming at the SMS center or by allowing the user to define forwarding address lists stored at the SMS center" see

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[0033]).

Regarding claim 7, Karve discloses the method of claim 1, comprising: storing messages in a database when the preferred device is not available to receive messages [0030].

Regarding claim 9, Karve discloses an apparatus (fig. 2 and description) for providing SMS messages to a user (owner of telephone 10, [0029]) associated, able to communicate, with a plurality of devices (interpreted as "forwarding a received short message from the telephone 10 to another device or telephone" see [0029]), comprising:

a database ("a memory at the SMS center" see [0033]) for storing information identifying each device of the plurality of devices (described as "identifying a pointer to a multiple destination address stored in a memory at the SMS center" see [0033]) and identifying a first device of the plurality of devices as a preferred device (described as "with the appropriate programming at the SMS center or by allowing the user to define forwarding address lists stored at the SMS center" see [0033]);

a gateway server ("SMS center" see [0028]) for receiving a SMS message identifying a second device ("telephone 10", see [0029]) of the plurality of devices (interpreted as "forwarding a received short message from the telephone 10 to another device or telephone" see [0029]);

a server function for identifying the preferred device in response to receiving the SMS message [0033], the preferred device being different than the second device (two different devices); and

a SMS server for sending the SMS message to the preferred device ([0033]-[0035]), the SMS server being further configured to format the SMS message in accordance with characteristics of the preferred device before sending the message to the preferred device ([0008]-[0010] and [0028]-[0040])

Regarding claim 10, Karve discloses the apparatus of claim 9, wherein the SMS server is further configured to store messages to a database when the preferred device is not available to receive messages ([0028]-[0029] and [0007]).

Regarding claim 12, Karve discloses an apparatus for providing SMS messages to a user (owner of telephone 10, [0029]) associated, able to communicate, with a plurality of devices (interpreted as "forwarding a received short message from the telephone 10 to another device or telephone" see [0029]), comprising:

means for storing a specification of a preferred device ("a predefined number" [0032]-[0035]);

means for receiving a SMS message identifying one device ("telephone 10", see [0029]) of the plurality of devices [0028];

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means for selecting the preferred device in response to receiving the SMS message ([0027]-[0035]), the preferred device being different than the identified one device (two different devices); and

means for sending the SMS message to the preferred device ([0032]-[0035]), the means for sending the SMS message comprises means for formatting the SMS message in accordance with characteristics of the preferred device before sending the message to the preferred device ([0008]-[0010] and [0028]-[0040]).

Regarding claim 13, Karve discloses the apparatus of claim 12, wherein the means for sending the SMS message comprises means for storing messages to a database when the preferred device is not available to receive messages ([0028]-[0029] and [0007]).

Regarding claim 16, Karve discloses a method (fig. 3 and its description), comprising:

receiving a SMS message [0028] including information identifying a first destination device ("telephone 10", see [0029]);

identifying a second destination device ("a predefined number" [0032]-[0035]) in response to receiving the SMS message, the second destination device being different than the first destination device (two different devices);

formatting the SMS message based on the second destination device [0028]; and

sending the formatted SMS message to the second destination device ([0032]-[0035]).

Regarding claim 17, Karve discloses the method of claim 16 wherein the first destination device and the second destination device (interpreted as "forwarding a received short message from the telephone 10 to another device or telephone" see [0029]) are associated, able to communicate, with a receiving party (owner of telephone 10, [0029]), and wherein the identifying includes: identifying the second destination device based on a profile associated with receiving party ([0032]-[0033]).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- a) Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Karve in view of Dehlin (US-2004/0203942).

Regarding claim 4, Karve discloses the method of claim 1 except wherein sending the formatted message comprises sending the formatted message to an instant messenger client. However in analogous art, Dehlin teaches wherein sending the formatted message comprises sending the formatted message to an instant messenger client (described as "The reply customized SMS message is translated into a reply

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instant message" or "SMS message has been identified as an instant message type" see abstract and [0031]). Since, Karve and Dehlin are related to the SMS of communication system; therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Karve as taught by Dehlin for purpose of "enabling instant messaging on a mobile device" (see Dehlin's title and specification).

b) Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Karve in view of Sabo (US-2003/0096626).

Regarding claim 5, Karve discloses the method of claim 1 except wherein sending the formatted message comprises sending the formatted message as a voice message to a phone. However in analogous art, Sabo teaches wherein sending the formatted message comprises sending the formatted message as a voice message to a phone (described as "SMSC 18 translates the secure SMS message to a voice message, using a text-to-speech translator 24 comprised in the SMSC, and transmits text message 38 as a voice message 40" see [0031]. Since, Karve and Sabo are related to the SMS of communication system; therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Karve as taught by Sabo for purpose of "in the case of the landline telephone, the translation is preferably to speech in a text-to-speech converter associated with the SMSC" (see Sabo's specification, para. [0013]).

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Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

- a) Fostick discloses that "Existing SMS services provide a means for forwarding messages to users, assuming that the message recipient is available to receive the message. No means is provided for the message sender to ascertain whether the recipient is actually available. A message sent to a non-available device, according to these existing SMS services, may be stored by the SMS Center until the receiver is available, at which time the message may be sent. This guarantees delivery" (see specification para. [0007]).
- b) Knotts discloses "When the intended subscriber is not available because, for example, it is turned off or is outside of the service area of the SMS network, the attempt to deliver the short message at that time will fail. In this case, the short message will be retained in the SMSC assigned to that intended subscriber for a later delivery attempt. Thereafter, when the subscriber finally becomes available, e.g., is turned on or has moved into the service area of the SMS network, the relevant portions of the network (e.g., the mobile servicing center (MSC) and the home location register (HLR)) notify the SMSC to initiate delivery of the stored (i.e., previously failed) short messages" (see specification para. [0011]).

6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.

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Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Huy Q Phan whose telephone number is 571-272-7924. The examiner can normally be reached on 8AM-6PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, George Eng can be reached on 571-272-7495. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Haypen

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Examiner: Phan, Huy Q.

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Date: 09/19/2006